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VISUAL SYSTEM MODULE SOFTWARE DESIGN DOCUMENT

Loral Advanced Distributed Simulation 12151-A Research Parkway Orlando, FL 32826-3283



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1 SCOPE

The scope of this Software Design Document (SDD) is discussed in the following subparagraphs 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3.

1.1 Identification

This document applies to the Advanced Rotary Wing Aircraft (ARWA) Visual System Module (VSM) Computer Software Configuration Item (CSCI). The requirements from which the design of this CSCI were derived are from the ARWA VSM System/Segment Specification (SSS).

1.2 System Overview

The principal purpose of the Visual System Module is to simulate out-the-window (OTW) and sensor imagery and to display the imagery to the crew members of an ARWA device.

1.3 Document Overview

The purpose of this document is to describe the system design of the ARWA VSM CSCI. This Software Design Document outlines the structure and composition of the CSCI sub-functions (Computer Software Components (CSCs) and Computer Software Units (CSUs)) and provides a detailed description of each. Sections 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8 are produced during preliminary design. Sections 4, 5, and 6 are produced during detailed design.

Section 1 outlines the scope of the document.

Section 2 describes the documents referenced in this specification.

Section 3 outlines preliminary design overview of the CSCI and a description of each CSC's purpose.

Section 4 describes the detailed design of each CSC.

Section 5 provides a detailed breakdown of all data elements defined for each CSC and for each associated CSU.

Section 6 provides a data file cross reference to aid in locating functions.

Section 7 provides a requirements traceability matrix.

Section 8 provides general design notes.

2 REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

The following documents of the exact issue shown form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. In the event of conflict between the documents referenced herein and the contents of this specification, the contents of this specification shall be considered a superseding requirement.

Non-Government

System/Segment Specification for the Advanced Rotary Wing Aircraft Visual System Module.

3 PRELIMINARY DESIGN

The following subparagraphs describe the preliminary design of the Visual System Module CSCI.

3.1 CSCI Overview

The principal purpose of the VSM is to simulate out-the- window and sensor visual imagery and display this imagery to the crewmembers in the ARWA device. Imagery will be sufficient to allow replication of visual related piloting and weapons/sensor tasks for simulated warfighting exercises on the Distributed Interactive Simulation (DIS) network.

The Visual System Controller (VSC) is the software portion of the VSM that controls the display of images on the simulator displays in real time. The VSC communicates with the ARWA Global network, receiving information about ownship position, threats, weapons, environment, sensors, and other visual related information. The VSC processes this information and reformats it into buffers which can be understood by the Computer Image Generator (CIG). The information in these buffers is then passed to the CIG as updates to the current ownship status and processed by the CIG, resulting in a new visual scene. The VSC also monitors peripheral devices such as Out-The-Window Display System and the Head Tracker System and sends information about the system status and error conditions to the ARWA Global network.

The interfaces through which the VSC communicates with external entities are summarized below:

Identifier: HT_To_VSC

Name: Head Tracker to VSC

Description: Head tracker position and status information

Identifier: VSC_To_HT Name: VSC to Head Tracker

Description: Initialization and setup commands

Identifier: HMD_To_VSC

Name: Helmet Mounted Display to VSC

Description: Helmet Mounted Display status information

Identifier: VSC_To_HMD

Name: VSC to Helmet Mounted Display

Description: Initialization and setup commands

Identifier: Joystick_To_VSC Name: Joystick to VSC

Description: Joystick position and status information

Identifier: VSC_To_Joystick
Name: VSC to Joystick

Description: Initialization and setup commands

Identifier: CIG To_VSC

Name: Computer Image Generator to VSC

Description: Computer Image Generator status information

Identifier: VSC_To_CIG

Name: VSC to Computer Image Generator

Description: Initialization and control commands

Identifier: Console_To_VSC

Name: Administrative Console to VSC

Description: Administrative Console status and keyboard information

Identifier: VSC_To_Console

Name: VSC to Administrative Console

Description: Screen initialization and control commands

Identifier: FDDI_Global_Bus_To_VSC Name: FDDI Global Bus to VSC

Description: FDDI Global Bus status and network information obtained from the SSM and FSM

Identifier: VSC_To_FDDI_Global_Bus Name: VSC to FDDI Global Bus

Description: Network information and status destined for the SSM and FSM

Identifier: OTW_Displays_To_VSC

Name: Out-The-Window Displays to VSC

Description: Out-The-Window Displays status information

Identifier: VSC_To_OTW_Displays

Name: VSC to Out-The-Window Displays

Description: Status request

The following figure depicts the Context Diagram of the Visual System Controller, including external entities and external interfaces.

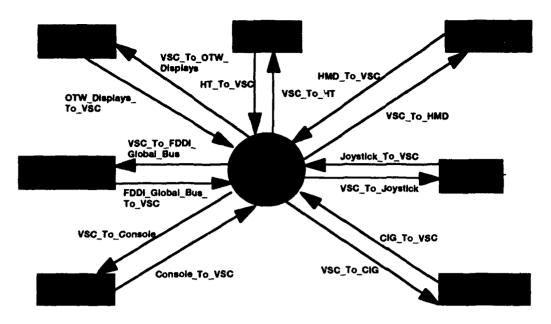


Figure 1. VSC, dfd Context-Diagram

3.1.1 CSCI Architecture

The Visual System Controller has been broken down into 5 top-level CSCs as follows:

CSC Identifier: VSM_Network_Iterface

CSC Purpose: Provides an interface from the Fiber Distributed Data Interface (FDDI) Global Bus to the VSC for communication between the VSM and the Flight Station Module (FSM) and Simulation System

Module (SSM) CSCIs.

CSC Identifier: VSM User Interface

CSC Purpose: Provides an interface from the Administrative Console to the VSC for communication

between the VSM and the operator in stand-alone mode.

CSC Identifier: VSM Hardware_Interface

CSC Purpose: Provides an interface from external hardware devices to the VSC for communication between the VSM and the CIG, Head Tracker, Helmet Mounted Display, Out-The-Window Displays,

and Joystick.

CSC Identifier: VSM_Resource_Manager

CSC Purpose: Provides internal processing of VSM functions.

CSC Identifier: Process_Scheduler

CSC Purpose: Provides scheduling and invocations of VSM functions.

The VSC CSC-to-CSC interfaces are described as follows:

Interface: General_Stat Name: General Statistics

Description: Hardware and Processing Statistics

Interface: Net_Interface_Control Name: Network Interface Control

Description: FDDI Global Bus Commands from SSM and FSM

Interface: Net_Interface_Data Name: Network Interface Data

Description: FDDI Global Bus Data to SSM and FSM

Interface: User_Interface_Control Name: User Interface Control

Description: Administrative Console Commands

Interface: User_Interface_Data Name: User Interface Data

Description: Administrative Console Screen Information

Interface: Hardware_Interface_Data Name: Hardware Interface Data

Description: Hardware Data from CIG, Head Tracker, Helmet Mounted Display, Out-The-Window

Display, and Joystick

Interface: Hardware_Interface_Control Name: Hardware Interface Control

Description: Hardware Control going to CIG, Head Tracker, Helmet Mounted Display, Out-The-

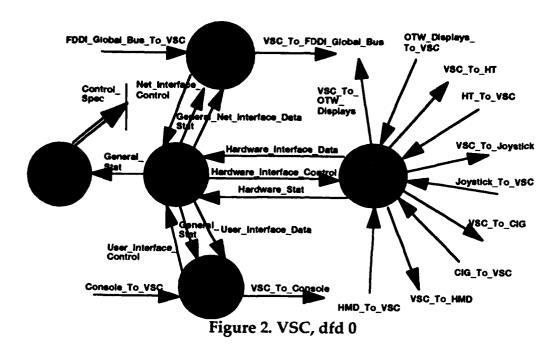
Window Display, and Joystick

Interface: Hardware_Stat Name: Hardware Status

Description: Hardware status obtained from the CIG, Head Tracker, Helmet Mounted Display, Out-

The-Window Display, and Joystick

The following figure depicts the top-level Data Flow Diagram (DFD) for the Visual System Controller, illustrating the CSCI architecture.



-7-

.1.2 System States and Modes

he Visual System Controller shall operate within the various modes and states as defined hereafter.

Iodule Mode.

his mode has two states: Start-up Initialization and Stand-alone.

tart-Up Initialization State.

pon power up, each component of the VSC, as appropriate, shall execute internally stored bootrograms to initialize communications paths within the VSC and between the VSC and the ARWA lobal Network. The VSC Function shall then direct the loading of the various initialization and lagnostic programs to initialize each VSC component to a state in which to receive simulation specific oplication programs, to perform morning readiness diagnostics, and to report pass/fail availability of le VSC to the Simulation Manager. Based upon commands from the Simulation Manager, the VSC ther transitions to System Mode or enters the stand-alone state of Module Mode.

and-Alone State.

ne initial transition to stand-alone mode is accompanied by the retrieval, loading, and execution of the SC program to control the stand-alone state. In this state the VSC shall respond to controls and data hich are received via the ARWA Global Network. These controls and data can originate with the mulation Manager or with any user station on the network.

'stem Mode.

ne initial transition to this mode is accompanied by the retrieval, loading and execution of any ograms required to establish the VSC and ARWA Global Network interface. In this mode the VSC vaits mode transition commands on the ARWA Global Network. From the System Mode, the VSC n transition to the Remote Controlled Diagnostic Mode, the Simulation Mode, or the Shutdown ode.

nulation Mode.

is mode has four states: Initialization, Alignment, Total Freeze, and Run.

tialization State.

on transition to Simulation Mode, the VSC is in this state. When entering this state from System ode, the VSC shall load and execute the simulation programs for the various VSC components. When components are executing their programs, the module is ready to respond to a state transition nmand to enter the Alignment State or return to the System Mode.

ignment State.

Upon entry into this state, the VSC shall retrieve the relevant data definition files from the Software and Data Base Maintenance stations. If the appropriate data base files are not resident in the VSC data base storage devices (the wrong or incorrect version of the data base is loaded), the VSC shall coordinate the loading of the appropriate data bases. The VSC shall then proceed to initialize the other VSC components as appropriate to the conditions specified in the data definition files. These conditions shall include the terrain data base position of the ownship and the initial modes of the sensors. Therefore, the terrain data appropriate for the position of the ownship can be retrieved and loaded into the Computer Image Generator. When all data loading and other VSC initialization is completed, a completion message is communicated over the ARWA Global Network and the VSC stands ready for a transition command to the Total Freeze State.

Total Freeze State.

In this state the components of the VSC are expecting the simulation programs; however, no internal parameters, such as ownship position, nor other aspects of image content, are being updated.

Run State.

In this state the VSC is producing images based on control parameters received via the ARWA Global bus and from the Head Tracker.

Remote Controlled Diagnostic Mode.

The Visual Module shall support this mode by responding as appropriate to the two self-test commands which are received via the ARWA Global Network.

Shut Down Mode.

The VSC has no required actions in this mode. When the command to transition into Shut Down Mode from System Mode is received, the VSC shall transition into Module Mode.

Mode	State	Active CSCs	Data Item	From CSC	To CSC
Module Mode	Start-up Initialization State	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT USER_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
Module Mode	Stand-Alone State	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT USER_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_STAT HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
System Mode		PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT USER_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_STAT HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
Simulation Mode	Initialization State	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT USER_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_STAT HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
Simulation Mode	Alignment State	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT USER_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
Simulation Mode	Total Freeze State	VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	NET_INTERFACE CONTROL GENERAL_STAT	VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER PROCESS_SCHEDULER
Simulation Mode	Run State	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT USER_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	PROCESS_SCHEDIJLER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
Remote Controlled Diagnostics Mode		PROCESS SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT USER_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
Shutdown Mode		PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT NET_INTERFACE_DATA USER_INTERFACE_CONTROL GENERAL_STAT	VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER	PROCESS_SCHEDULER VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RETWORK_INTERFACE VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER VSM_USER_INTERFACE

USER_INTERFACE_DATA VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE_CONTROL HARDWARE_STAT VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE_DATA VSM_TIGHTERFACE_DATA VSM_TIGHTERFACE_DATA

VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE
VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE

VSM_USER_INTERFACE
VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE
VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER
VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER

3.1.3 Memory and Processing Time Allocation

The following table illustrates the memory and processing time allocations for the top level CSCs of the VSM.

CSC Name	Memory Budget	Allocated Processing Time	
VSM_NETWORK_INTERFACE	2,000 Lines of Code	1 Millisecond	
VSM_USER_INTERFACE	6,000 Lines of Code	3 Milliseconds	
VSM_HARDWARE_INTERFACE	10,000 Lines of Code	5 Milliseconds	
VSM_RESOURCE_MANAGER	44,000 Lines of Code	20 Milliseconds	
PROCESS_SCHEDULER	2,000 Lines of Code	1 Millisecond	
TOTAL	1 Megabyte	30 Milliseconds	
AVAILABLE	48 Megabytes	33.3 Milliseconds	
RESERVE	47 Megabytes	3.3 Milliseconds	
RESERVE PERCENT 98%		10%	
	Figure 4. Memory and Processing Time		

3.2 CSCI Design Description

The following paragraphs discribe the top-level and lower-level CSCs of the Visual System Controller. The following figures depict the Data Flow Diagram breakdown of the Visual System Controller.

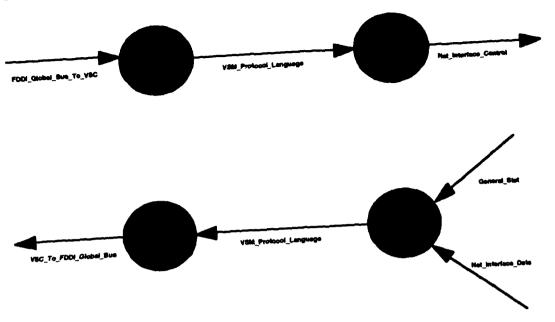


Figure 5. VSC, dfd 1

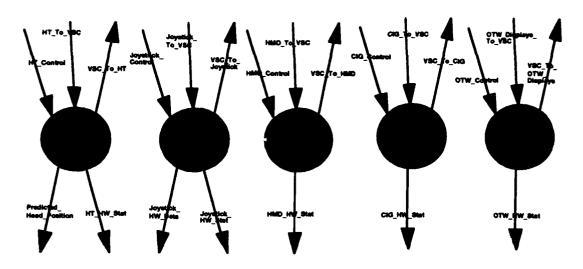
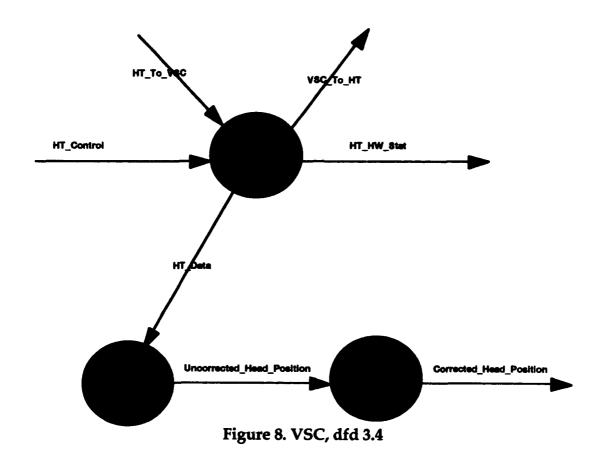


Figure 7. VSC, dfd 3



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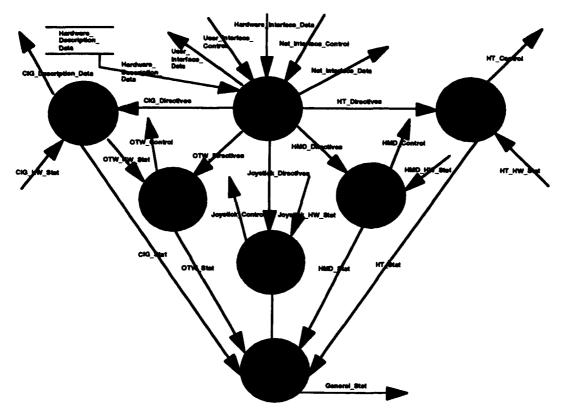


Figure 9. VSC, dfd 4

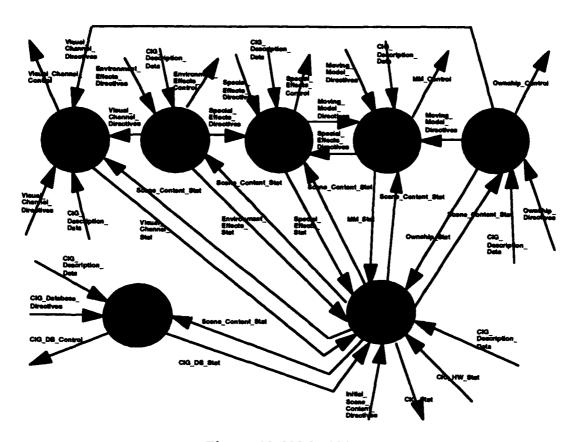


Figure 10. VSC, dfd 4.2

3.2.1 VSM Network Interface

VSM_Network_Interface

- VSM_Network_Interface is composed of the following processes:

BIU_Decoder VSM_Language_Decoder VSM_Language_Encoder BIU_Encoder

3.2.1.1 BIU Decoder

BIU_Decoder

- Converts You'll global bus BIU protocol to VSM protocol.
- Checks messages on FDDI global bus for messages having a VSM destination.
- Communicates to hardware through Bus Interface Unit (BIU) layered structure.
- Communicates via Transmission Communication Protocol / Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) over FDDI.

3.2.1.2 VSM Language Decoder

VSM_Language_Decoder

- Accepts VSM protocol language and translates it to commands destined for the CIG, out-the-window display, joystick, helmet mounted display, and head tracker managers.

3.2.1.3 VSM Language Encoder

VSM_Language_Encoder

- Accepts data and statistics destined for the SSM and FSM.
- Translates interface data and general statistics to VSM protocol language.

3.2.1.4 BIU Encoder

BIU_Encoder

- Converts VSM protocol to FDDI global bus BIU protocol.
- Attaches destination header to message to send to correct node.

- Communicates to hardware through BIU layered structure.
- Communicates via TCP/IP over FDDI.

3.2.2 VSM User Interface

VSM_User_Interface

- VSM_User_Interface is composed of the following processes:

Control_Language_Interpreter Information_Display_Manager Information_Gathering_Manager

3.2.2.1 Control Language Interpreter

Control_Language_Interpreter

- Accepts keyboard and pointer device selection from the administrative console.
 - Communicates via RS-232.
 - Formats RS-232 inputs into CIG command line interpreter commands.

3.2.2.2 Information Display Manager

Information_Display_Manager

- Receives display information destined for output on the console terminal.
- Has display routines for displaying information.
- Communicates via RS-232.

3.2.2.3 Information Gathering Manager

 $Information_Gathering_Manager$

- Accepts user interface data and general statistics.
- Returns user interface control information, which consists of Command Line Interpreter (CLI) commands.
- Formats display information based on user interface data and general statistics.

3.2.3 VSM Hardware Interface

VSM_Hardware_Interface

- VSM_Hardware_Interface is composed of the following processes:

Joystick_Interface CIG_Interface HMD_Interface OTW_Displays_Interface HT Interface

3.2.3.1 **Joystick Interface**

Joystick_Interface

- Communicates via RS-232.
- Accepts data and converts to device independent data and status.
- Accepts joystick commands and converts to hardware specific device commands.

3.2.3.2 CIG Interface

CIG_Interface

- Communicates via ScramNet.
- Takes ScramNet data and converts to device independent status.
- Accepts CIG commands and converts to hardware specific device commands.

3.2.3.3 HMD Interface

HMD_Interface

- Accepts helmet mounted display commands and converts them to hardware specific device commands.
- Takes interface data and converts to a device independent status.
- Communicates via a serial interface.

3.2.3.4 OTW Displays Interface

OTW_Displays_Interface

- Communicates via a serial interface.
- Takes hardware data and coverts to device independent status.
- Accepts out-the-window status check command and converts to a hardware specific device command.

3.2.3.5 HT Interface

HT_Interface

- HT_Interface is composed of the following processes:

HT_Hardware_Interface Head_Position_Prediction Head_Position_Correction

3.2.3.5.1 HT Hardware Interface

HT_Hardware_Interface

- Communicates with head tracking device through a serial protocol.
- Accepts head tracker control commands and translates them into hardware commands for the head tracker.
- Receives head tracker inputs and translates into hardware independent head tracker data and status.

3.2.3.5.2 Head Position Prediction

Head_Position_Prediction

- Receives head tracker position data and predicts head tracker position based on velocity, accelertation, and previous position.
- Performs damping and filtering functions.
- Sends out predicted head position to correction algorithm.

3.2.3.5.3 Head Position Correction

Head_Position_Correction

- Receives predicted head position data and corrects for multiple eyepoints.
- Sends out predicted head position.

3.2.4 VSM Resource Manager

VSM_Resource_Manager

- VSM_Resource_Manager is composed of the following processes:

HMD_Manager
Status_Manager
Head_Tracker_Manager
OTW_Manager
Joystick_Manager
Interface_Manager
CIG_Resources_Manager

3.2.4.1 HMD Manager

HMD_Manager

- Accepts helmet mounted display hardware status and helmet mounted display directives.
- Passes on helmet mounted display status to the status manager.
- Translates helmet mounted display directives to helmet mounted display control commands.

3.2.4.2 Status Manager

Status_Manager

- Accumulates status from CIG, out-the-window display, joystick, helmet mounted display, and head tracker managers.
- Sends out general status summarizing the state of the VSM.

3.2.4.3 Head Tracker Manager

Head_Tracker_Manager

- Accepts head tracker hardware status and head tracker directives.
- Passes on head tracker status to the status manager.
- Translates head tracker directives to head tracker control commands.

3.2.4.4 OTW Manager

OTW_Manager

- · Accepts out-the-window hardware status and out-the-window directives.
- Passes out-the-window status to the status manager.
- Translates out-the-window status check directive to out- the-window status check control command.

3.2.4.5 Joystick Manager

oystick_Manager

Accepts joystick hardware status and joystick directives.

Passes on joystick status to the status manager.

Translates joystick directives to joystick control commands.

i.2.4.6 Interface Manager

nterface_Manager

Accepts hardware interface data, user interface control, and network interface control.

Converts inputs into directives to the CIG, out-the-window display, joystick, helmet mounted display, nd head tracker.

Redirects any necessary user interface data or network interface data from hardware interface data, pecifically head tracker data.

Reads the hardware description data file, which affects how directives are processed.

In stand-alone mode, converts head tracker data to control directives.

2.4.7 CIG Resources Manager

IG_Resources_Manager

CIG_Resources_Manager is composed of the following processes:

wnship_Manager nvironment_Effects_Manager pecial_Effects_Manager rene_Content_Manager ata_Base_Manager oving_Model_Manager Visual_Channel_Manager

3.2.4.7.1 Ownship Manager

Dwnship_Manager

Maps ownship directives to IG description data. Maps the type of vehicle for slewing and offsetting eyepoint.

Controls activating and deactivating ownship model.

Ownship configuration determines which aircraft is active.

Eyepoints are slewable for sensors, so require 3 eyepoints.

Sends a visual channel command for slewing to the visual channel manager.

Sends a definition for ownship moving model to the moving model manager. Therefore, most of the oading statistics for the ownship will be handled in the moving models area.

Ownship directives will include initial resolution and initial field of view.

Keeps track of loading history based on statistics obtained from the scene content manager.

Ownship entity data is treated in moving models. VSM needs to know the ID for ownship moving nodels, then treat the ownship as a moving model, except for items necessary for viewport changes.

.2.4.7.2 Environment Effects Manager

Invironment_Effects_Manager

SSM directives for rain, snow, time-of-day, cloud cover, storms, lightning, visibility, fog, haze, ground og, wind, sun position are mapped using CIG description file.

Horizon effects for dawn and dusk are also mapped.

Environmental effects will allow for parameters which are not yet implemented. Opcode for cloud rill include such information as type of cloud, layers, storms, lightning, ground to cloud, cloud to loud, and any other pertinent information.

Lightning effects, lights for airports and cities, flashing beacons, and color of lights are also nvironmental effects.

Categorizes some items as special effects directives.

Generates visual control directives.

- Keeps track of how many environmental effects are in action currently.
- Prioritizes and weighs different effects for different CIGs.
- Keeps track of loading history based on statistics from the scene content manager.

3.2.4.7.3 Special Effects Manager

Special_Effects_Manager

- Manages activation, deactivation, loading, cloning, unloading, and deleting of special effects sequences.
- Controls stop, start, pause, resume, and timed-run for special effects.
- Description data maps directive to a special effect for the CIG. May need to use moving models to perform special effects.
- Manages special effects based on range and time remaining. Has load prioritization table to determine which special effect would be eliminated when getting near overload conditions.
- Has internal list of active special effects in case a special effect leaves the field of view, so that the special effect can continue when the field of view returns.
- Based on IG information, needs to determine if a special effect can be started at any point in its sequence. Special effects may need to be activated even when outside the field of view. For example if a moving model is hit when it is outside the field of view, the special effect can begin in the middle of the sequence when it is brought to the field of view.
- Manages a list of special effects which are still active and keep timers for each one indicating how much time is left.
- Handles statistics about weights of complexity and passes back statistics about load management.
- There will not have external directive interfaces to this process. Either the moving model manager or the environmental model manager will decide when special effects are needed.
- Parameters may be added to the interface definition which allows modifications to the special effect.
- Keeps track of loading history based on statistics from scene content manager.

3.2.4.7.4 Scene Content Manager

Scene_Content_Manager

- After other processes are done determining loading statistics, the scene content manager assesses the statistics and determines overload conditions. If an overload condition exists, it sends back statistics requesting new updating of active effects or models.
- When a manager sends a certain load to scene content manager, the scene content manager sends back a status. If overloaded, it will tell the managers how much percentage of the processing time is going to be allocated to each of the managers. The managers will send back once again how much of the percentage was used, and the scene content manager returns a good status.
- Initially sets percentage of processing power estimated for each manager. Then the percentage is dynamically changed based on prior knowledge when overloading is occuring. Managers send only amount allocated. Functions inside the scene content manager calculate percentages allocated for manager processing based on past history. Percentages will be smoothly reallocated.
- Gathers statistics from manager processes and passes on.

3.2.4.7.5 Data Base Manager

Data_Base_Manager

- Activates, loads, and deactivates database by CIG database directives and CIG description data.
- Manages state of database, including level of detail, whether active, number of levels, and representation. Controls loading on system by changing parameters including blending, level-of-detail, field/range control, and feature representations.
- Controls culture (roads, lakes, rivers) and level of complexity. Controls level-of-detail load control based on range.
- Handles dynamic level-of-detail. Also handles blending and ranging control, plus continuous terrain transition range controls.
- Statistics determine percentage of processing time allocated.
- Keeps track of loading history based on statistics from scene content manager.
- Prepares the CIG for an overload condition before it occurs.

3.2.4.7.6 Moving Model Manager

Moving_Model_Manager

- Interprets moving model directives and maps to the CIG description data.
- In stand-alone mode, if a directive comes from a console, invokes an internal flight model, which will either be a rotary wing model, a fixed wing model, or a simple movement model.

- Activates/deactivates, clones, deletes, changes characteristics, loads, unloads, and controls moving models.
- Creates a CIG control table for moving models.
- Controls articulated parts for moving models. Provides services for activating, binding and controlling data.
- Manages load control based on prioritization according to level of detail, complexity, percent occulted, and range. Determines loading criteria for each model in some fashion (such as the number of polygons per model).
- Deactivations will be handled by the VSM as they are received. Activations will be handled as soon as possible. VSM maintains queue of active models.
- Statistics and status will be passed to the scene content manager which describes loading and which moving models are active.
- Sends request to special effects manager to process moving models which require special effects.
- Determines overload conditions based on scene content statistics and hardware statistics.
- Keeps track of loading history based on statistics from the scene content manager.

3.2.4.7.7 Visual Channel Manager

Visual_Channel_Manager

- Manages sensor and out-the-window channels. Manages each type of sensor.
- Interprets visual channel directives and maps to the CIG description data for such features as channel activation/dactiviation, channel resolutions, fields of view, channel mixing, distortion correction, noise introduction, and sensor types.
- Creates instances of channels and configures channels based on ownship directives from the SSM. The out-the-window eyepoint and 2 sensor eyepoints are defined.
- Controls switching polarity and adding noise.
- Ownship manager sends directives to the visual channel manager which sends out commands for slewing.
- Keeps track of loading history based on statistics from scene content manager.

3.2.5 Process Scheduler

Process_Scheduler

- Determines processes to be activatesd.
- Invokes processes based on priorities, hardware statistics, and dependencies.

4 DETAILED DESIGN

This section shall be completed during detailed design.

5 CSCI DATA

This section shall be completed during detailed design.

6 CSCI DATA FILES

This section shall be completed during detailed design.

7 REQUIREMENTS TRACEABILITY

The design outlined in this SDD can be traced back to System/Segment Specification for the ARWA Visual System Module. The following is a list of VSM software requirements which have been extracted from the VSM System/Segment Specification.

VSM Requirements

1. Generic

(SSS 3.4.3)

Internal interfaces shall be unaffected by hardware changes. Software shall be designed to maximize hardware independence.

2. Able to operate in stand-alone mode (SSS 3.1.3.1.2, 3.1.4.2.3.7)

By using the command language interpreter, joystick, head tracker position, and flight model (selectable between fixed-wing, rotary-wing, and inspection), VSM shall be able to operate without FDDI interfaces. Helmet mounted displays shall be operational, but no symbology shall be present.

3. Parameter driven

(SSS 3.1.3.3.2)

Configuration files shall drive the visual simulation so software shall not have to be recompiled whenever there is a configuration change. The configuration file shall be either a text or binary file, modified through a software configuration tool.

4. Supports morning readiness (SSS 3.1.3.1.1, 3.1.4.2.3.1)

The visual system shall support the running of an internal hardware check where possible. Simple tests shall be developed for other devices. Rebooting the machine may supply status checks for readiness data. Primary concern shall be a pass/fail status for each hardware device.

5. Supports diagnostics

(SSS 3.1.3.4, 3.1.4.2.3.3)

Local mode diagnostics shall be supplied by hardware vendors whenever possible. Remote mode diagnostics shall be a pass/fail status check for each hardware device.

6. Initialize mode

(SSS 3.1.3.3.1, 3.1.4.2.3.2)

The VSC shall support initialization to a ready state. CIG startup commands may be driven from command files.

7. Run mode

(SSS 3.1.3.3.4)

The VSC shall support operational running.

8. Exit mode

(Derived)

The VSC shall support operational termination.

9. Busy mode

(Derived)

The VSC shall send back a busy state (during database load).

10. Freeze mode

(SSS 3.1.3.3.3, 3.1.4.2.3.4)

Partial freeze shall stop moving models, but continue to allow eyepoint to move. Total freeze shall freeze the CIG as well as VSC software. The only acceptable commands to the VSC in this state shall be mode change commands.

11. Shutdown mode

(SSS 3.1.3.5, 3.1.4.2.3.5)

Normal shutdown shall stop the process and clear hardware. Security shutdown shall stop accepting FDDI messages and transition to stand-alone mode

12. Pause mode

(Derived)

During pause mode a pause command shall be sent to the CIG.

13. Send/receive from FDDI network

(SSS 3.1.4.1)

The Bus Interface Unit shall control this activity and be SSM provided.

14. Full CIG control

(SSS 3.1.4.2.3.8)

The CIG shall be controlled within the boundaries of the defined VSM interface

15. Moving models

(SSS 3.1.4.2.3.9.1, 3.1.4.3.3.10.2)

1000 moving models with up to 8 nested articulated parts shall be a design requirement which may be limited by hardware constraints. Prioritization of moving models shall be based on range, model priority, size, resolution, and location within the field of view.. 120 special effects shall be a design requirement which may be limited by hardware constraints. Prioritization of special effects shall be based on range, priority, size, resolution, timing, and location within the field of view. Requirements for moving models and special effects from the system/segment specification shall be as follows:

| Moving Models | Special Effects

Gaming Area 2000	l 24 0
Active Area 1000	120

16. Sensor

(SSS 3.1.4.3.3.2, 3.1.4.3.3.6)

Field of view discrete changes shall be controlled through a continuous field of view interface definition. Field of view continuous changes shall be handled through the interface definition. If the CIG only supports discrete field of view changes, the closest approximation shall be chosen through the configuration file. Sensor type changes shall be mapped to the closest available display form through the configuration file. Sensor controls shall be available for gain, noise, and polarity.

17. Load Management

(SSS 3.1.4.2.3.11)

Proactive load management techniques shall be employed. Learning techniques shall create a historical grid of data with loading parameters. Models shall also have histories. An example of a learning technique which might be exploud is flying the entire database and loading all models to learn loading prior to simulator usage. The process scheduler shall learn the capabilities of the host processor. The following features shall be controlled moving models special effects terrain cultural features. The following shall be possible methods of control activation deactivation blending level of detail frame rate

18. Environmental control

(SSS 3.1.4.2.3.9.2, 3.1.4.3.3.4, 3.1.4.3.3.5, 3.1.4.3.3.10.3)

Time of day shall be continuous. The SSM shall supply the VSC with the initial time and day, and the VSC shall change the sun and moon position either with internal algorithms or CIG algorithms based on continuous time.

Light sources shall include sun, moon, stars, flares, and lightning.

Features include the following:

Clouds

Fog

Haze

density

color

atmospheric attenuation curves

Horizon band

Visibility

Scud

Thunderstorms

Smoke

19. Process Control

(Derived)

The software shall provide the capability to disable certain CSCs (i.e. head tracker functions, load management, etc.) within the process scheduler. Battle damage may cause an alteration of process control.

20. Transport delay

(SSS 3.1.4.3.3.3)

The VSC shall not add more than 33.3 milliseconds total from the receipt of data to the end of transmission

21. Head tracking

(Derived)

Head tracking shall provide the following capabilities: Damping

Smoothness

Filtering

Prediction

Offset mapping

22. Synchronization

(Derived)

The CIGs shall be synced according to the master CIG and according to the ability of the hardware.

23. Channel definition and aligment

(Derived)

Programmable ownship definition shall meet this requirement.

24. Joystick

(Derived)

Maintenance joystick shall be supported for stand-alone mode and testing.

The following requirements traceability list shows the allocation of VSM requirements to lower level VSM CSCs.

VISUAL_SYSTEM_CONTROLLER REQUIREMENTS TRACEABILITY

1 VSM_Network_Interface CSC

1.1 BIU_Decoder CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Send/receive from FDDI network

1.2 VSM_Language_Decoder CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

1.3 VSM_Language_Encoder CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

1.4 BIU_Encoder CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Send/receive from FDDI network

2 VSM_User_Interface CSC

2.1 Control_Language_Interpreter CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Able to operate in stand-alone mode

2.2 Information_Display_Manager CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Able to operate in stand-alone mode

2.3 Information_Gathering_Manager CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Able to operate in stand-alone mode

3 VSM_Hardware_Interface CSC

3.1 Joystick_Interface CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Able to operate in stand-alone mode

Joystick

3.2 CIG_Interface CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode

3.3 OTW_Displays_Interface CSC Requirements Satisfied: Generic Able to operate in stand-alone mode

3.4 HT_Interface CSC

3.4.1 HT_Hardware_Interface CSC Requirements Satisfied: Generic Able to operate in stand-alone mode Head tracking

3.4.2 Head_Position_Prediction CSC Requirements Satisfied: Generic Able to operate in stand-alone mode Head tracking

3.4.3 Head_Position_Correction CSC Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode Head tracking

3.5 HMD_Interface CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode

4 VSM_Resource_Manager CSC

4.1 Status_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Supports morning readiness
Supports diagnostics

4.2 CIG_Resource_Manager CSC

4.2.1 Scene_Content_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Parameter driven
Full CIG control

4.2.2 Ownship_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Parameter driven
Full CIG control

4.2.3 Moving_Model_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Parameter driven
Full CIG control
Moving models

4.2.4 Special_Effects_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Parameter driven
Full CIG control
Moving models
Environmental control

4.2.5 Environment_Effects_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Parameter driven
Full CIG control
Environmental control

4.2.6 Data_Base_Manager CSC

Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Parameter driven
Full CIG control

4.2.7 Visual_Channel_Manager CSC Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode Load Management
Parameter driven
Full CIG control
Sensor
Channel definition and alignment

4.3 Head_Tracker_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Head tracking

4.4 Interface_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management
Parameter driven

4.5 Joystick_Manager CSC Requirements Satisfied: Generic Able to operate in stand-alone mode Load Management Joystick

4.6 OTW_Display_Manager CSC
Requirements Satisfied:
Generic
Able to operate in stand-alone mode
Load Management

I.7 HMD_Manager CSC Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Able to operate in stand-alone mode

Load Management

5 Process_Scheduler CSC

Requirements Satisfied:

Generic

Able to operate in stand-alone mode

Initialize mode

Run mode

Exit mode

Busy mode

Freeze mode

Shutdown mode

Pause mode

Process control

Transport delay

Synchronization

8 NOTES

ACRONYM LIST

ARWA Advance Rotary Wing Aircraft

BIU Bus Interface Unit

CLI Command Line Interpreter
CIG Computer Image Generator
CSC Computer Software Component

CSCI Computer Software Configuration Item

CSU Computer Software Unit

DFD Data Flow Digram

DIS Distributed Interactive Simulation FDDI Fiber Distributed Data Interface

FSM Flight Station Module OTW Out-The-Window

SDD Software Design Document SSM Simulation System Module SSS System/Segment Specification

TCP/IP Transmission Communications Protocol / Internet Protocol

VSC Visual System Controller VSM Visual System Module

9 APPENDICIES

There are no Appendixes to this Software Design Document.